Conference on Sustainable Development Goals

Hanoi, Viet Nam

14-15 July
Millennium Development Goals

1. Eradicate Extreme Poverty and Hunger
2. Achieve Universal Primary Education
3. Promote Gender Equality and Empower Women
4. Reduce Child Mortality
5. Improve Maternal Health
6. Combat HIV/AIDS, Malaria and Other Diseases
7. Ensure Environmental Sustainability
8. A Global Partnership for Development
Millennium Development Goals

- 8 Goals
- Established in Year 2000, expired in 2015
- Focus on how the developing worlds could be financed by developed nations

Sustainable Development Goals

- 17 Goals
- Post-2015 development agenda, expires in 2030
- Universal involvement for both developed and developing nations
HOW WERE THE GOALS CHOSEN?

Rio+20 Summit in 2012 - mandated the creation of an open working group (OWG) to come up with a draft agenda.

OWG’s first meeting in March 2013 - representatives from 70 countries attended.

UN Sustainable Development Summit in 25 September 2015 - SDGs were formally adopted.

OWG published final draft in July 2014.
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Goal</th>
<th>Target</th>
<th>Indicator</th>
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<td>Expresses an ambitious but specific commitment</td>
<td>Quantified sub-components that will contribute in a major way to achievement of goal.</td>
<td>Precise metric from identified databases to assess if target is being met.</td>
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The High Level Political Forum (HLPF) will reveal progress, generate political impetus and launch partnerships and actions to advance shared goals.

Ban Ki-moon, United Nations Secretary General

Ambition is a key word. Member states place great expectations in the HLPF to follow-up and review the implementation of the 2030 agenda.

Oh Joon, President of the Economic and Social Council, Permanent Representative of Republic of Korea to the United Nations
HIGH LEVEL POLITICAL FORUM (HLPF)

Formally established in July 2013

- Addresses new and emerging challenges
- Promotes the science-policy interface and enhances the integration of economic, social and environmental dimensions of sustainable development
HLPF WHAT WILL HAPPEN IN JULY?

HLPF in 2016 is the first since the adoption of the 2030 Agenda and the SDGs.

The session will include voluntary reviews of 22 countries on SDGs

HLPF will also include:
• a range of side events,
• a Partnership Exchange event, and
• SDGs Learning, Training and Practice sessions.
# HIGH LEVEL POLITICAL FORUM (HLPF)

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<th>Frequency of meetings</th>
<th>During the meeting</th>
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<td>Meets every year under the auspices of the Economic and Social Council, and every four years under the auspices of the General Assembly</td>
<td>The Secretary General, in consultation with Member States, will prepare a report in preparation for the 2016 HLPF meeting which outlines critical milestones towards efficient and inclusive review</td>
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CRITICISMS OF SDGs

Too broad
If everything is a priority nothing is a priority

Too idealistic
It will be very difficult to make it happen
Like MDGs, SDGs should have a focus

SET YOUR PRIORITIES
OPPORTUNITIES IN SDGs

However, if implemented thoughtfully with concrete plans, SDGs could present unprecedented opportunities because they:

- Seek a more integrative approach to address global challenges
- Can transform the way we are defining the international development and make it more sustainable
- Can be more transformative for the planet
WHAT’S NEXT FOR SDGs IN 2016?

The United Nations high-level political forum (HLPF) on sustainable development will meet from Monday, 11 July, to Wednesday, 20 July 2016, under the auspices of ECOSOC.

22nd session of COP22 is expected to take place in 7-18 November 2016 at Morocco.
What ENVforum has been doing

- Agenda 21 Implementation comparative study
- SDGs’ methodology and indicators
- Country research on national implementation progress (Poland and Viet Nam)
- Who will pay for the SDGs?

- Series of international workshops on SDGs implementation
- ASEAN workshop series on climate change
- Series of national workshops in Asia (Cambodia, Viet Nam, Myanmar, Lao PDR)
- International conferences
Implementation Guide for SDGs

**STEP 1:** Map existing national policies to evaluate alignment with SDGs

**STEP 2:** Assess how SDGs can be tailored and integrated

**STEP 3:** Set national targets based on an assessment of priorities and capacity

**STEP 4:** Retain additional targets subject to funding

**STEP 5:** Prepare implementation and monitoring frameworks
Thank You